**Greater Perth**

**Labour Force (all persons aged 15 years and over)**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **2011** | **2006** |
|  | **Total** | **Males** | **Females** | **Total** | **Males** | **Females** |
| Total in labour force | 900,493 (64.5%) | 53.9% | 46.1% | 757,531 (62.2%) | 54.2 | 45.8 |
| Employed full-time | 542,260 (38.8%) | 65.0% | 35.0% | 461,072 (37.9%) | 65.6 | 34.4 |
| Employed part-time | 260,272 (18.6%) | 31.3% | 68.7% | 218,766 (18.0%) | 30.4 | 69.6 |
| Unemployed, looking for work | 42,861 (3.1%) | 52.1% | 47.9% | 27,957 (2.3%) | 51.0 | 49.0 |
| Population not in the labour force | 413,912 (29.6%) | 38.1% | 61.9% | 377,748 (31.0%) | 37.5 | 62.5 |
| Total persons | 1,396,459 (100%) | 49.2% | 50.8% | 1,217,260 (100%) | 48.9 | 51.1 |

* **In 2011, 64.5% of persons in Greater Perth aged 15 years and over reported being in the labour force. This is similar to 2006 when 62.2% of persons reported being in the labour force.**
* **In 2011, 29.6% of persons aged 15 years and over reported not being in the labour force.**
* **In 2011, 3.1% of persons aged 15 years and over reported being unemployed and looking for work.**
* **Of all persons who reported being employed full-time in 2011, 65.0% were males and 35.0% were females.**
* **Of all persons who reported being employed part-time in 2011, 31.3% were males and 68.7% were females.**

**Greater Perth**

**Weekly Hours Worked (employed persons aged 15 years and over)**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **2011** | **2006** |
|  | **Total** | **Males** | **Females** | **Total** | **Males** | **Females** |
| 40 hours and above | 398,273 (46.4%) | 70.6% | 29.4% | 344,999 (47.3%) | 71.1% | 28.9% |
| 35-39 hours | 143,989 (16.8%) | 49.6% | 50.4% | 116,069 (15.9%) | 49.5% | 50.5% |
| 25-34 hours | 82,234 (9.6%) | 31.5% | 68.5% | 69,574 (9.5%) | 31.9% | 68.1% |
| 16-24 hours | 81,842 (9.5%) | 30.1% | 69.9% | 65,238 (8.9%) | 27.8% | 72.2% |
| 0-15 hours | 134,424 (15.7%) | 36.9% | 63.1% | 113,782 (15.6%) | 36.2% | 63.8% |
| Total persons | 857,630 (100%) | 54.0% | 46.0% | 729,572 (100%) | 54.3% | 45.7% |

* **Of all employed persons aged 15 years and over in Greater Perth 46.4% reported working 40 hours or more in the week prior to the 2011 Census. A higher proportion of these were males (70.6%).**
* **Between the 2006 and 2011 Census there was a 0.9 percentage point decline in the number of persons who reported working 40 hours or more (47.3% in 2006 compared to 46.4% in 2011).**
* **Of all persons employed aged 15 years and over 15.7% reported working 0 to 15 hours in the week prior to the 2011 Census. A higher proportion of these were females (63.1%).**

**Greater Perth**

**Top five Industries in 2011 (employed persons aged 15 years and over)**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **2011** | **2006** |
|  | **Total** | **Males** | **Females** | **Total** | **Males** | **Females** |
| Health Care and Social Assistance | 93,737 (10.9%) | 20.3% | 79.7% | 77,627 (10.6%) | 21.1% | 78.9% |
| Retail Trade  | 88,846 (10.4%) | 40.7% | 59.3% | 83,390 (11.4%) | 42.0% | 58.0% |
| Construction | 85,441 (10.0%) | 84.8% | 15.2% | 66,278 (9.1%) | 85.3% | 14.7% |
| Manufacturing | 73,092 (8.5%) | 76.4% | 23.6% | 72,466 (9.9%) | 76.4% | 23.6% |
| Professional, Scientific and Technical Services | 71,290 (8.3%) | 58.8% | 41.2% | 53,064 (7.3%) | 58.0% | 42.0% |
| Total persons | 857,630 (100%) | 54.0% | 46.0% | 729,972(100.0%) | 54.3% | 45.7% |

* **In 2011, the largest proportion of employed persons aged 15 years and over in Greater Perth reported working in the Health Care and Social Assistance industry (10.9%).**
* **In 2006, the Retail Trade industry was the most reported response for employed persons aged 15 years and over (11.4%). The proportion of persons who reported being part of this industry declined by 1.0 percentage point in 2011. There has been a slight increase in the number of persons who reported being employed in this industry (5,456 persons).**
* **The proportion of employed persons aged 15 years and over who reported Manufacturing as their industry of employment has declined to from 9.9% in 2006 to 8.5% in 2011; however there has been a slight increase in the number of persons who reported working in this industry (626 persons).**
* **In 2011, of persons employed in the Construction and Manufacturing industries, a higher proportion were males (84.8% and 76.4% respectively).**
* **In 2011, of persons employed in the Health Care and Social Assistance and Retail Trade industries, a higher proportion were females (79.7% and 59.3% respectively).**

**Greater Perth**

**Top five Occupations in 2011 (employed persons aged 15 years and over)**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **2011** | **2006** |
|  | **Total**  | **Males** | **Females** | **Total**  | **Males** | **Females** |
| Professionals | 186,254 (21.7%) | 48.2% | 51.8% | 147,955 (20.3%) | 49.2% | 50.8% |
| Technicians and Trades Workers | 137,916 (16.1%) | 85.5% | 14.5% | 117,738 (16.1%) | 85.5% | 14.5% |
| Clerical and Administrative Workers | 130,917 (15.3%) | 22.9% | 77.1% | 113,507 (15.6%) | 22.8% | 77.2% |
| Managers | 97,847 (11.4%) | 66.3% | 33.7% | 81,735 (11.2%) | 66.8% | 33.2% |
| Community and Personal Service Workers | 82,861 (9.7%) | 29.8% | 70.2% | 66,218 (9.1%) | 29.8% | 70.2% |
| Total persons | 857,630 (100%) | 54.0% | 46.0% | 729,572 (100%) | 54.3% | 45.7% |

* **In 2011, 21.7% of employed persons aged 15 years and over in Greater Perth reported working as Professionals. Of these, 51.8% were females.**
* **The proportion of those who reported working as Professionals has increased by 1.4 percentage points from 20.3% in 2006 to 21.7% in 2011.**
* **Of all persons who reported working as Clerical and Administrative Workers (15.3%), a higher proportion were females (77.1%).**
* **Of all persons who reported working as Technicians and Trades Workers (16.1%), a higher proportion were males (85.5%).**

**Greater Perth**

**Highest Level of Education (all persons aged 15 years and over)**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **2011** | **2006** |
|  | **Total** | **Males** | **Females** | **Total** | **Males** | **Females** |
| Postgraduate Degree | 47,273 (3.4%) | 56.0% | 44.0% | 28,906 (2.4%) | 59.4% | 40.6% |
| Graduate Diploma & Certificate | 24,938 (1.8%) | 37.1% | 62.9% | 17,338 (1.4%) | 37.6% | 62.4% |
| Bachelor Degree | 201,759 (14.4%) | 45.1% | 54.9% | 148,736 (12.2%) | 46.3% | 53.7% |
| Advanced Diploma and Diploma | 120,401 (8.6%) | 43.5% | 56.5% | 96,358 (7.9%) | 43.3% | 56.7% |
| Certificate III/IV | 221,448 (15.9%) | 71.3% | 28.7% | 175,046 (14.4%) | 74.5% | 25.5% |
| Year 12 | 254,182 (18.2%)  | 46.0% | 54.0% | 215,006 (17.7%) | 45.9% | 54.1% |
| Year 11 or below (includes Certificate I/II/nfd) | 357,146 (25.6%) | 42.3% | 57.7% | 354,908 (29.2%) | 41.3% | 58.7% |
| Total persons | 1,396,458 (100%) | 49.2% | 50.8% | 1,217,260 (100%) | 48.9% | 51.1% |

nfd: not further defined

* **In 2011, there was a significant increase in persons in Greater Perth who reported completing a Postgraduate Degree, from 28,906 in 2006 to 47,273 in 2011 (an increase of 63.5%).**
* **There has also been significant increase in numbers of those who reported completing a Graduate Diploma or Graduate Certificate as their highest level of education. This increased from 17,388 in 2006 to 24,938 in 2011 (an increase of 43.4%).**
* **There was a significant increase of 35.6% in the number of persons who reported completing a Bachelor Degree as their highest level of education, from 148,736 in 2006 to 201,759 in 2011.**
* **There has been a slight increase of 0.6% in the number of persons who reported Year 11 and below, including Certificate level I/II), as their highest level of education, from 354,908 in 2006 to 357,146 in 2011.**
* **In 2011, a higher proportion of females than males reported their highest level of education as Graduate Diploma or Graduate Certificate, Bachelor Degree, and Advanced Diploma or Diploma (62.9%, 54.9% and 56.5% respectively).**
* **Of those who reported completing Certificate III/IV as their highest level of education, a higher proportion were males (71.3%).**

**Greater Perth**

**Top five Fields of Study in 2011 (all persons aged 15 years and over who stated a completed qualification)**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **2011** | **2006** |
|  | **Total**  | **Males** | **Females** | **Total**  | **Males** | **Females** |
| Engineering and Related Technologies | 144,956 (18.0%) | 93.6% | 6.4% | 118,600 (17.9%) | 94.0% | 6.0% |
| Management and Commerce | 139,649 (17.3%) | 40.2% | 59.8% | 105,300 (15.9%) | 40.2% | 59.8% |
| Society and Culture | 77,382 (9.6%) | 31.8% | 68.2% | 57,947 (8.7%) | 33.3% | 66.7% |
| Health | 73,966 (9.2% | 22.7% | 77.3% | 57,060 (8.6%) | 21.9% | 78.1% |
| Education | 60,071 (7.5%) | 21.9% | 78.1% | 48,804 (7.4%) | 23.9% | 76.1% |
| Total persons | 805,649 (100%) | 52.7% | 47.3% | 662,741 (100%) | 53.3% | 46.7% |

* **In 2011 Engineering and Related Technologies (18.0%) and Management and Commerce (17.3%) were the two most common fields of study reported by all persons aged 15 years and over who stated a completed qualification. These fields were also reported as the most common fields of study in the 2006 Census.**
* **Of all persons who reported Engineering and Related Technologies as their field of study there were a significantly higher proportion of males (93.6%). Of all persons who reported Management and Commerce as their field of study there was a higher proportion of females (59.8%).**
* **Of all persons who reported Health, Education, and Society and Culture as their fields of study in 2011, a higher proportion were females (77.3%, 78.1% and 68.2% respectively).**

**Greater Perth**

**Top five Methods of Travel to Work in 2011 (employed persons aged 15 years and over)**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **2011** | **2006** |
|  | **Total Persons** | **Total Persons** |
| Car, as driver | 527,159 (61.5%) | 454,655 (62.3%) |
| Car, as passenger | 46,368 (5.4%) | 43,319 (5.9%) |
| Bus | 30,599 (3.6%) | 27,932 (3.8%) |
| Train | 24,100 (2.8%) | 14,010 (1.9%) |
| Walked only | 19,906 (2.3%) | 16,084 (2.2%) |
| Total persons | 857,630 (100%) | 729,572 (100%) |

* **Transport by car continues to be the most commonly reported Method of Travel to Work. Just over two thirds (66.9%) of employed persons aged 15 years and over in Greater Perth reported that they travelled to work by car (either as driver or a passenger) on 9 August 2011.**
* **The number of employed persons aged 15 years and over who travelled to work by train has increased from 14,010 (1.9%) in 2006 to 24,100 (2.8%) in 2011.**
* **The number of employed persons aged 15 years and over who walked to work has increased from 16,084 in 2006 to 19,906 in 2011. The proportion of persons who walked to work increased slightly between 2006 (2.2%) and 2011 (2.3%).**

**Greater Perth**

**Place of usual residence one year ago for Greater Perth residents who moved in the year prior to 2011 (excluding persons aged under one year)**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **2011** | **2006** |
| Within State | 212,228 (77.1%) | 213,857 (80.4%) |
| Interstate | 21,373 (7.8%) | 18,539 (7.0%) |
| Overseas | 39,169 (14.2%) | 31,293 (11.8%) |
| Total persons | 275,434 (100%) | 266,057 (100%) |

* **Of the Greater Perth residents who moved in the year prior to 2011 Census, most moved from within the State (77.1%).**
* **There were 39,169 (14.2%) persons who either returned or migrated to Australia, from overseas, to settle in Greater Perth, in the year prior to the 2011 Census.**

**Place of usual residence 5 years ago for Greater Perth residents who moved in the year prior to 2011 (excluding persons aged under five years)**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **2011** | **2006** |
| Within State | 464,689 (68.2%)  | 479,702 (77.0%) |
| Interstate | 53,830 (7.9%) | 46,497 (7.5%) |
| Overseas | 156,116 (22.9%)  | 89,544 (14.4%) |
| Total persons | 681,235 (100%) | 622,802 (100%) |

* **Of the Greater Perth residents who moved in the five years prior to Census, most moved from within the State (68.2%).**
* **There were 156,116 (22.9%) persons who either returned or migrated to Australia, from overseas, to settle in Greater Perth, in the five years prior to the 2011 Census.**